

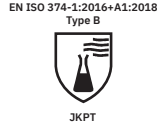
Strength and Durability
for reliable protection

StarGuard® Protect

In Compliance with:

Regulation 2016/425 on personal protective equipment, as amended to apply in GB, PPE Cat. III, EN ISO 21420:2020, EN ISO 374-1:2016 +A1:2018, EN 16523-1:2015+A1:2018, EN ISO 374-2:2019 Level 3 (AQL 0.65), EN ISO 374-4:2019, EN ISO 374-5:2016, EN 455 parts 1, 2, 3 and 4, ISO 11193-1, ISO 21171, Regulation (EC) No. 1935/2004, Protection against Bacteria and Fungi: PASS, Protection against Viruses: PASS

The following is a link to view the Declaration of Conformity:
<https://www.starlab.click/doc-starguard-protect-ukca>



AQL
0.65



Available sizes:



100 per box



100 per box



100 per box



100 per box



100 per box

WARNING:

EN ISO 374-4:2019 Degradation levels indicate the change in puncture resistance of the gloves after exposure to the challenge chemical. This information does not reflect the actual duration of protection in the workplace and the differentiation between mixtures and pure chemicals.

The chemical resistance has been assessed under laboratory conditions from samples taken from the palm only (except in cases where the glove is equal to or over 400mm - where the cuff is tested also) and relates only to the chemical tested. It can be different if the chemical is used in a mixture.

It is recommended to check that the gloves are suitable for the intended use because the conditions at the workplace may differ from the type test depending on temperature, abrasion and degradation.

When used, protective gloves may provide less resistance to the dangerous chemical due to the changes in the physical properties. Movements, snagging, rubbing, degradation caused by the chemical contact etc may reduce the actual use time significantly. For corrosive chemicals, degradation can be the most important factor to consider in selection of chemical resistant gloves.

Before usage, inspect the gloves for any defect or imperfections.

The penetration resistance has been assessed under laboratory conditions and relates only to the intended specimen.

Chemical	Performance Level	Degradation % change	Performance Levels	Breakthrough Times (Minutes)
	(EN ISO 374-1: 2016+A1:2018)	(EN ISO 374-4: 2019)		
(J) N-Heptane	3	38.3%	Level 1	> 10 minutes
(K) Sodium Hydroxide 40%	6	-8.4%	Level 2	> 30 minutes
(P) Hydrogen Peroxide 30%	2	31.6%	Level 3	> 60 minutes
(T) Formaldehyde 37%	5	6.2%	Level 4	> 120 minutes
			Level 5	> 240 minutes
			Level 6	> 480 minutes

Proper donning and doffing of gloves are essential in protecting the user and safe guarding the integrity of the gloves being worn. The following are suggested steps to properly wear and remove ambidextrous gloves:

Donning

Step 1. After inspection of the glove, insert all five fingers into the cuff of the glove, and pull the cuff over your wrist until the glove is properly in place. Assure the cuff is pulled up completely to avoid any substances entering the glove.

Step 2. Check that the glove's fit is secure around the fingers and palm. Check the cuff, which should have a secure fit around your wrist.

Doffing

Step 1. When removing gloves, using a gloved hand, take hold of the outside edge of your glove near your wrist with two fingers, careful to not touch your skin. Peel the glove away from your hand being sure to turn it inside out as you do. Grasp the removed glove in your hand that is still gloved.

Step 2. Slide your ungloved finger under the wrist of the remaining glove. Using your finger that's inside the glove, peel the remaining glove away, continuing to grasp the removed glove with your gloved hand. Once glove is removed properly, dispose of the gloves.

